COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA Department of Environmental Quality Southwest Regional Office

STATEMENT OF LEGAL AND FACTUAL BASIS

Consolidated Glass & Mirror Corporation 305 Lineberry Road - Galax, Virginia Permit No. SWRO11015

Title V of the 1990 Clean Air Act Amendments required each state to develop a permit program to ensure that certain facilities have federal Air Pollution Operating Permits, called Title V Operating Permits. As required by 40 CFR Part 70 and 9 VAC 5 Chapter 80, Consolidated Glass & Mirror Corporation has applied for a Title V Operating Permit for its Plant No. 1 facility located at 305 Lineberry Road in Galax, Virginia. The Department has reviewed the application and has prepared a Title V Operating Permit.

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FACILITY INFORMATION

Permittee
Consolidated Glass & Mirror Corporation
Plant No. 1
305 Lineberry Road
P.O. Box 389
Galax, VA 24333
NET Facility No. 51-640-00060

SOURCE DESCRIPTION

NAICS 327215 – Glass Product Manufacturing Made of Purchased Glass (SIC 3231)

Consolidated Glass & Mirror Corporation (CG&M) manufactures mirrors at their Plant No. 1 facility located at 305 Lineberry Road, Galax, Carroll County, Virginia. Large sheets of glass are loaded onto the silver line where they are transformed into mirrors on a continuous conveyor line. The glass sheets are cleaned by automated rotating brushes and tap water. The surface of the glass is lightly etched with cerium oxide and rinsed with deionized water. The cerium oxide roughens the surface of the glass and improves chemical adhesion. A tin sensitizer solution is applied just prior to the silver solution to chemically bond the reflective silver to the glass. A copper solution is then applied to improve the adhesion of the mirror backing paint (applied in a later step) to the reflective coating surface. The mirrors are again rinsed with deionized water and then heated in an electric oven. The mirrors then pass through a continuously flowing curtain of paint at the curtain coater. This backing paint is applied over the reflective metals to protect them from environmental conditions (moisture). The viscosity of the backing paint is constantly monitored and additional solvent is added as needed. The mirror backing paint application process is responsible for the majority of the VOC emissions from the facility.

After exiting the curtain coater, the mirrors are dried in a series of infrared ovens that enclose a section of the conveyor line. The mirrors are allowed to cool slightly before entering the rotogravure, which applies an ultra-violet (UV) coating over the backing paint to protect and improve its durability. UV light is used to cure the coating. The mirrors are then unloaded from the conveyor line and inspected for flaws. The mirrors may then be sent directly to shipping or to any of the various cutting, grinding, beveling, and/or framing operations at the facility. Solar panel (non-reflective) and window glass (UV) manufacturing operations were added in 2006. Existing mirror line equipment is utilized for these applications. No new emission source or emission points were added as a result of this addition.

The facility is a Title V major source of VOCs. This source is located in an attainment area for all criteria pollutants. The facility is currently permitted under a minor NSR Permit issued on July 27, 2006.

Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) requirements (40 CFR 64) are not applicable to this facility since there are no pollution control devices associated with the emission units.

The list of insignificant activities in the Title V application includes several processes that have no emissions associated with them. These operations include: plant wastewater pH control, which utilizes sulfuric acid and caustic soda; ammonia scrubber cleaning with acetic acid; various wet glass cutting and polishing operations (slitters, seam belts, radius corners, drilling, pattern V-groove, master edge, hand cutting, pattern beveling, pattern polisher, hand edging, and felt

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wheel); glass cleaning and etching with cerium oxide; glass/mirror cutting head coolant pH adjustment with boric acid; wastewater treatment; product packaging (cartoning); and shipping.

COMPLIANCE STATUS

The facility is inspected at least once each year and the last formal inspection was conducted on September 7, 2006. The source was found to be in compliance with all applicable requirements.

EMISSION UNIT AND CONTROL DEVICE IDENTIFICATION

The emissions units at this facility consist of the following:

Curtain Coater - The mirrors pass through a continuously flowing curtain of paint, which is applied over the reflective silver surface of the mirror. Thinners are added to the paint to maintain its viscosity at the desired level. Volatile pollutants are emitted from exhausts in the curtain coater room, between the curtain coater and the infrared drying ovens, and inside the infrared drying ovens. Annual emissions from the paint and thinner are limited to 174.60 tons of VOC. There are no add-on pollution control devices on the curtain coater or silver line.

Rotogravure - Applies a UV paint over the mirror backing paint. VOC emissions from the rotogravure paint application are limited to 8.25 tons/year, based on a consumption limit of 75.0 tons/yr of 11% VOC UV paint. The facility normally uses a UV paint with less than 0.1% VOC and resulting annual emissions are less than 0.1 T/yr. There are no VOC control devices on the rotogravure exhaust.

Solar Panel (non-reflective) and UV Window Operations – An anti-reflective coating for photovoltaic superstrates (solar modules) and a temperable UV absorbing coating for residential and commercial glazing (window) applications were added at Plant 1 in 2006. Existing mirror line equipment is utilized for these applications. No new emission source or emission points were added as a result of this installation.

Glass Cutting (Bystronics) - Mineral spirits is sometimes used as a lubricant in the glass cutting operations. For permitting purposes, 100% of the lubricant may potentially be released into the atmosphere as VOC. VOC emissions from glass cutting operations are limited to 5.0 tons/year. There is no exhaust or control device on the glass cutting operations.

Glass Grinding & Beveling – CG&M may use glass grinding coolants that contain up to 10% VOC by weight. A batch of coolant solution is typically comprised of 40,000 gallons of water and 400 gallons of coolant. The coolant solution is pumped to the grinding and beveling machines and circulated back to the storage tank 24 hours/day, 5 days/week. After the coolant solution has been in use for a period of 4 weeks, it is replaced with a new batch. Annual emissions from the glass grinding and beveling operations are limited to 8.0 tons of VOC.

EMISSIONS INVENTORY

The 2005 annual emissions are summarized in the following table:

2005 Plant-Wide Criteria Pollutant Emissions				
Pollutant	Tons Emitted			
VOC	118.1			

EMISSION UNIT APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS

Curtain Coater (Unit ID No. 1.A)

Limitations:

The following limitations are State BACT requirements from Conditions 2, 3, 4, 5, and 10 of the Minor NSR Permit issued on July 27, 2006:

- Condition 2, limiting curtain coater mirror back paint consumption to 88.23 pounds per hour and 235.0 tons per year.
- Condition 3, limiting consumption of n-butyl acetate reducer (or equivalent) in the curtain coater mirror back painting operation to 22.47 pounds per hour and 59.86 tons per year.
- Condition 4, limiting consumption of Guardian AR Coating, or equivalent, to 20.0 pounds per hour and 5.0 tons per year.
- Condition 5, limiting consumption of n-propanol, or equivalent cleaning solvent, to 5.0 tons per year.
- Condition 10, limiting annual VOC emissions to 61.79 pounds per hour and 174.60 tons per year.

Monitoring & Recordkeeping:

As required in Condition 14 of the Minor NSR Permit issued on July 27, 2006, CG&M will monitor and record on a monthly basis, the weight of mirror backing paint and reducer consumed and the VOC throughput. Hourly, monthly and annual pollutant emissions will be calculated and recorded. Hourly emissions will be calculated by dividing monthly emissions by monthly hours of operation.

Testina:

The permit does not require source tests. A table of test methods has been included in the permit if testing is performed. The Department and EPA have authority to require testing not included in this permit, if necessary to determine compliance with an emission limit or standard.

Reporting:

Condition 15 of the Minor NSR Permit issued on July 27, 2006 requires that CG&M notify DEQ within four (4) hours after discovery of any malfunction that results in excess emissions for more than one (1) hour. Within 14 days, CG&M shall provide a written statement explaining the problem, the corrective action taken, and estimated duration of the malfunction.

Compliance with the curtain coater emission limits listed in Condition 10 of the NSR permit issued July 27, 2006, will be demonstrated through emission calculations. These emission calculations will be based on 100% of the volatile pollutants in the mirror backing paint (as applied) being emitted to the atmosphere. The VOC content of each paint and reducer (per the product MSDS) multiplied by the corresponding quantity of each coating applied, will be used to

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determine the corresponding monthly emissions of this pollutant from the curtain coater. Hourly emissions will be determined by dividing the monthly emissions by the hours of curtain coater operation.

Streamlined Requirements:

There are no streamlined requirements for the curtain coater mirror back painting operation.

Rotogravure UV Coating Process

Limitations:

The following limitations are State BACT requirements from Conditions 6 and 11 of the Minor NSR Permit issued on July 27, 2006:

- Condition 6, limiting rotogravure coating consumption to 25 pounds per hour and 75 tons per year. The VOC content of equivalent rotogravure coatings is not to exceed 11% by weight.
- Condition 11 limiting annual VOC emissions from the rotogravure coating process to 2.75 pounds per hour and 8.25 tons per year.

Monitoring & Recordkeeping:

As required in Condition 14 of the Minor NSR Permit issued on July 27, 2006, CG&M will monitor and record on a monthly basis, the weight of coatings consumed in the rotogravure and the VOC throughput. Hourly, monthly and annual VOC emissions will be calculated and recorded. Hourly VOC emissions will be calculated by dividing monthly emissions by monthly hours of operation.

Testing:

The permit does not require source tests. A table of test methods has been included in the permit if testing is performed. The Department and EPA have authority to require testing not included in this permit, if necessary to determine compliance with an emission limit or standard.

Reporting:

Condition 15 of the Minor NSR Permit issued on July 27, 2006 requires that CG&M notify DEQ within four (4) hours after discovery of any malfunction that results in excess emissions for more than one (1) hour. Within 14 days, CG&M shall provide a written statement explaining the problem, the corrective action taken, and estimated duration of the malfunction.

Compliance with the rotogravure UV coating process VOC emission limits listed in Condition 11 of the NSR permit issued July 27, 2006, will be demonstrated through emission calculations. These emission calculations will be based on 100% of the VOC in the UV coating being emitted to the atmosphere. The VOC content of each coating (per the product MSDS) multiplied by the corresponding quantity of that coating applied will be used to determine the monthly VOC emissions from the rotogravure. Hourly emissions will be determined by dividing the monthly VOC total by the hours of rotogravure operation.

Streamlined Requirements:

There are no streamlined requirements for the rotogravure UV coating application operation.

Glass Cutting Operations

Limitations:

The following limitations are State BACT requirements from Conditions 7 and 12 of the Minor NSR Permit issued on July 27, 2006:

- Condition 7, limiting mineral spirits (or equivalent volatile lubricant) consumption to 32.0 pounds per hour and 5.0 tons per year.
- Condition 12 limiting annual VOC emissions from the glass cutting operations to 32.00 pounds per hour and 5.00 tons per year.

Monitoring & Recordkeeping:

As required in Condition 14 of the Minor NSR Permit issued on July 27, 2006, CG&M will monitor and record on a monthly basis, the consumption of glass cutting lubricant. Hourly consumption will be calculated by dividing monthly consumption by monthly hours of operation.

Testing:

The permit does not require source tests. A table of test methods has been included in the permit if testing is performed. The Department and EPA have authority to require testing not included in this permit, if necessary to determine compliance with an emission limit or standard.

Reporting:

Condition 15 of the Minor NSR Permit issued on July 27, 2006 requires that CG&M notify DEQ within four (4) hours after discovery of any malfunction that results in excess emissions for more than one (1) hour. Within 14 days, CG&M shall provide a written statement explaining the problem, the corrective action taken, and estimated duration of the malfunction.

Compliance with the glass cutting lubricant VOC emission limits listed in Condition 12 of the NSR permit issued July 27, 2006, will be demonstrated through emission calculations. These emission calculations will be based on 100% of the VOC in the lubricant (mineral spirits or equivalent) being emitted to the atmosphere. The VOC content of each lubricant (per the product MSDS) multiplied by the corresponding quantity of that lubricant consumed will be used to determine the monthly VOC emissions from glass cutting. Hourly emissions will be determined by dividing the monthly VOC total by the hours of unit operation.

Streamlined Requirements:

There are no streamlined requirements for the glass cutting operations.

Glass Grinding & Beveling Coolant

Limitations:

The following limitations are State BACT requirements from Conditions 8 and 13 of the Minor NSR Permit issued on July 27, 2006:

• Condition 8, limiting Quaker Microcut 106-C (or equivalent coolant) consumption to 13.9 pounds per hour and 80.0 tons per year.

• Condition 13 limiting emissions from the circulation and use of the glass grinding & beveling coolant to 1.39 lbs/hr and 8.00 tons/yr of VOC.

Monitoring & Recordkeeping:

As required in Condition 14 of the Minor NSR Permit issued on July 27, 2006, CG&M will monitor and record on a monthly basis, the consumption of glass grinding coolant emissions from the glass grinding & beveling coolant. Hourly consumption and emissions will be calculated by dividing monthly totals by monthly hours of operation.

Testing:

The permit does not require source tests. A table of test methods has been included in the permit if testing is performed. The Department and EPA have authority to require testing not included in this permit, if necessary to determine compliance with an emission limit or standard.

Reporting:

Condition 15 of the Minor NSR Permit issued on July 27, 2006 requires that CG&M notify DEQ within four (4) hours after discovery of any malfunction that results in excess emissions for more than one (1) hour. Within 14 days, CG&M shall provide a written statement explaining the problem, the corrective action taken, and estimated duration of the malfunction.

Compliance with the glass grinding coolant pollutant emission limits listed in Condition 13 of the NSR permit issued July 27, 2006, will be demonstrated through emission calculations. These emission calculations will be based on 100% of the volatile pollutants in the coolant being emitted to the atmosphere. The VOC content of each lubricant (per the product MSDS) multiplied by the corresponding quantity of that lubricant consumed, will be used to determine the corresponding monthly emissions of this pollutant from the glass grinding coolant. Hourly emissions will be determined by dividing the monthly emissions by the hours of unit operation.

Streamlined Requirements:

There are no streamlined requirements for the glass grinding coolant operations.

FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS

Limitations:

The following limitation is a State BACT requirement from Condition 9 of the Minor NSR Permit issued on July 27, 2006:

Condition 9, limiting the annual production of mirrors to 31.2 million square feet.

Monitoring & Recordkeeping:

As required in Condition 14 of the Minor NSR Permit issued on July 27, 2006, CG&M will monitor and record on a monthly basis, the annual throughput of mirrors, calculated as the sum of each consecutive twelve (12) month period.

Testina:

The permit does not require facility-wide source testing. A table of test methods has been included in the permit if testing is performed. The Department and EPA have authority to require testing not included in this permit, if necessary to determine compliance with an emission limit or standard.

Reporting:

Condition 15 of the Minor NSR Permit issued on July 27, 2006 requires that the permittee notify the DEQ Director within four business hours after discovery if the permitted facility or related air pollution control equipment causes excess emissions for more than one hour. The owner must provide a written statement within 14 days explaining the problem, corrective actions taken, and the estimated duration of the malfunction.

Streamlined Requirements:

There are no facility-wide streamlined requirements.

GENERAL CONDITIONS

The permit contains general conditions required by 40 CFR Part 70 and 9 VAC 5-80-110, that apply to all federal operating permit sources. These include requirements for submitting semi-annual monitoring reports and an annual compliance certification report. The permit also requires notification of deviations from permit requirements or any excess emissions, including those caused by upsets, within one business day.

STATE-ONLY APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS

The following Virginia Administrative Code have specific requirements only enforceable by the State and have not been included in the Federal Operating Permit (unless included previously in a federally enforceable permit):

9 VAC 5-40-340. Standard for odor:

9 VAC 5-60-300, Standard for Toxic Pollutants; and

9 VAC 5-40-350, Standard for Toxic Pollutants.

FUTURE APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS

There are no known future applicable requirements for this facility.

INAPPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS

The following are not applicable to this facility:

9 VAC 5-40-300, Standard for Volatile Organic Compounds

9 VAC 5-40-310, Standard for Nitrogen Oxides

40 CFR 64, Compliance Assurance Monitoring

40 CFR 63, Subpart DDDDD (National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Industrial, Commercial, and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters)

INSIGNIFICANT EMISSION UNITS

The insignificant emission units are presumed to be in compliance with all requirements of the Clean Air Act as may apply. Based on this presumption, no monitoring, recordkeeping or reporting will be required for these emission units in accordance with 9 VAC 5-80-110.

Insignificant emission units include the following:

Emission Unit No.	Emission Unit Description	Citation	Pollutant Emitted (5-80-720 B.)	Rated Capacity (5-80-720 C.)
21	Floor Patch	9 VAC 5-80-720 A7	none	20 gal/yr
22, 47	Silver Nitrate Solution (mirror plating process)	9 VAC 5-80-720 B	none	4200 gal/yr
23	Sodium Hydroxide Solution (mirror plating process)	9 VAC 5-80-720 B	none	4200 gal/yr
24	Tin Sensitizer Solution (mirror plating process)	9 VAC 5-80-720 B2	HCI	120 gal/yr
25	Ventilation for Wheel Dressing Machine Room	9 VAC 5-80-720 B	none	-
26	Methyl Ethyl Ketone (UV Cleanup)	9 VAC 5-80-720 B	MEK / VOC	440 gal/yr
27	Sulfuric Acid (pH control for wastewater treatment and mixing copper sulfate solution for silverline)	9 VAC 5-80-720 B	none	2750 gal/yr
28	Muriatic Acid (regeneration of deionizers and cleaning filter cloths in filter press)	9 VAC 5-80-720 B6	HCI (31.5%) (none emitted)	4950 gal/yr
29	Caustic Soda (Wastewater pH)	9 VAC 5-80-720 B	none	7920 gal/yr
30	Acetic Acid (Ammonia Scrubber Cleaning)	9 VAC 5-80-720 B	none	3 gal/yr
31 32 34	<u>Drilling & Shaping:</u> - Slitters - Finger Pull - Seam Belt	9 VAC 5-80-720 B	none	-
35	Vinyl Backing	9 VAC 5-80-720 B	none	720,000 ft/yr
36	Boric Acid (Adjust Coolant Pit pH)	9 VAC 5-80-720 B	none	9000 lbs/yr
37	Defoamer (Coolant Pit and Wastewater Treatment)	9 VAC 5-80-720 B2	VOC	60 gal/yr
38	Soap for Washers	9 VAC 5-80-720 B	none	55 gal/yr
39	Face-Down Stripper (Mirror Cleaning)	9 VAC 5-80-720 B	none	4875 gal/yr
40	Nitric Acid (Silver Line Cleaning)	9 VAC 5-80-720 B	none	300 gal/yr
41	Parts Washer	9 VAC 5-80-720 B2	VOC	250 gal/yr

Emission Unit No.	Emission Unit Description	Citation	Pollutant Emitted (5-80-720 B.)	Rated Capacity (5-80-720 C.)
42	Propane-Fired Space Heaters and Water Heaters	9 VAC 5-80-720 B	VOC, NO _X , CO	91,000 gal/yr
43, 48	Copper Sulfate Pentahydrate (Mirror Plating)	9 VAC 5-80-720 B	none	5800 lbs/yr
44	Sugar Solution (Mirror Plating)	9 VAC 5-80-720 B	none	4200 gal/yr
45	Cerium Oxide (Glass Cleaning/Polishing/Etching)	9 VAC 5-80-720 B	none	20 tons/yr
46	Hydraulic Oil	9 VAC 5-80-720 B	VOC	-
47	Silver Exhaust	9 VAC 5-80-720B	None	-
48	Copper Exhaust	9 VAC 5-80-720B	None	-

The citation criteria for insignificant activities are as follows:

- 9 VAC 5-80-720 A Listed Insignificant Activity, Not Included in Permit Application
- 9 VAC 5-80-720 B Insignificant due to emission levels
- 9 VAC 5-80-720 C Insignificant due to size or production rate

CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

The permittee did not submit a request for confidentiality. All portions of the Title V application are available for public review.

PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

A public notice appeared in the *Galax Gazette* on January 19, 2007, announcing a 30-day public comment period for this permit. This public notice will be a concurrent review with the EPA for both the draft and the proposed permit. The public comment period extended until February 18, 2007. Notice was also provided to North Carolina, Tennessee, and West Virginia as affected states.